

Paths completed: 1
Targets compromised: 151
Ranking: Top 5%

PATHS COMPLETED

PROGRESS

Bug Bounty Hunter

Bug Bounty Hunter
20 Modules **Medium**

The Bug Bounty Hunter Job Role Path is for individuals who want to enter the world of Bug Bounty Hunting with little to no prior experience. This path covers core web application security assessment and bug bounty hunting concepts and provides a deep understanding of the attack tactics used during bug bounty hunting. Armed with the necessary theoretical background, multiple practical exercises, and a proven bug bounty hunting methodology, students will go through all bug bounty hunting stages, from reconnaissance and bug identification to exploitation, documentation, and communication to vendors/programs. Upon completing this job role path, you will have become proficient in the most common bug bounty hunting and attack techniques against web applications and be in the position of professionally reporting bugs to a vendor.

100% Completed

MODULE

PROGRESS

Intro to Academy

Intro to Academy
8 Sections **Fundamental** **General**

Your first stop in Hack The Box Academy to become acquainted with the platform, its features, and its learning process.

100% Completed

Hacking WordPress

Hacking WordPress
16 Sections **Easy** **Offensive**

WordPress is an open-source Content Management System (CMS) that can be used for multiple purposes.

100% Completed

SQL Injection Fundamentals

SQL Injection Fundamentals
17 Sections **Medium** **Offensive**

Databases are an important part of web application infrastructure and SQL (Structured Query Language) to store, retrieve, and manipulate information stored in them. SQL injection is a code injection technique used to take advantage of coding vulnerabilities and inject SQL queries via an application to bypass authentication, retrieve data from the back-end database, or achieve code execution on the underlying server.

100% Completed

Web Requests

Web Requests
8 Sections **Fundamental** **General**

This module introduces the topic of HTTP web requests and how different web applications utilize them to communicate with their backends.

100% Completed

File Inclusion

File Inclusion
11 Sections **Medium** **Offensive**

File Inclusion is a common web application vulnerability, which can be easily overlooked as part of a web application's functionality.

100% Completed

JavaScript Deobfuscation



JavaScript Deobfuscation

11 Sections **Easy** Defensive

This module will take you step-by-step through the fundamentals of JavaScript Deobfuscation until you can deobfuscate basic JavaScript code and understand its purpose.

100% Completed



Attacking Web Applications with Ffuf



Attacking Web Applications with Ffuf

13 Sections **Easy** Offensive

This module covers the fundamental enumeration skills of web fuzzing and directory brute forcing using the Ffuf tool. The techniques learned in this module will help us in locating hidden pages, directories, and parameters when targeting web applications.

100% Completed



Login Brute Forcing



Login Brute Forcing

11 Sections **Easy** Offensive

Learn how to brute force logins for various types of services and create custom wordlists based on your target.

100% Completed



SQLMap Essentials



SQLMap Essentials

11 Sections **Easy** Offensive

The SQLMap Essentials module will teach you the basics of using SQLMap to discover various types of SQL Injection vulnerabilities, all the way to the advanced enumeration of databases to retrieve all data of interest.

100% Completed



Introduction to Web Applications



Introduction to Web Applications

17 Sections **Fundamental** General

In the Introduction to Web Applications module, you will learn all of the basics of how web applications work and begin to look at them from an information security perspective.

100% Completed



Broken Authentication



Broken Authentication

14 Sections **Medium** Offensive

Authentication is probably the most straightforward and prevalent measure used to secure access to resources, and it's the first line of defense against unauthorized access. Broken authentication is listed as #7 on the 2021 OWASP Top 10 Web Application Security Risks, falling under the broader category of Identification and Authentication failures. A vulnerability or misconfiguration at the authentication stage can impact an application's overall security.

100% Completed



Penetration Testing Process



Penetration Testing Process

15 Sections **Fundamental** General

This module teaches the penetration testing process broken down into each stage and discussed in detail. We will cover many aspects of the role of a penetration tester during a penetration test, explained and illustrated with detailed examples. The module also covers pre-engagement steps like the criteria for establishing a contract with a client for a penetration testing engagement.

53.33% Completed



Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)



Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

10 Sections **Easy** Offensive

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) vulnerabilities are among the most common web application vulnerabilities. An XSS vulnerability may allow an attacker to execute arbitrary JavaScript code within the target's browser and result in complete web application compromise if chained together with other vulnerabilities. This module will teach you how to identify XSS vulnerabilities and exploit them.

100% Completed



Command Injections



Command Injections

12 Sections **Medium** **Offensive**

Command injection vulnerabilities can be leveraged to compromise a hosting server and its entire network. This module will teach you how to identify and exploit command injection vulnerabilities and how to use various filter bypassing techniques to avoid security mitigations.

100% Completed



Using Web Proxies



Using Web Proxies

15 Sections **Easy** **Offensive**

Web application penetration testing frameworks are an essential part of any web penetration test. This module will teach you two of the best frameworks: Burp Suite and OWASP ZAP.

100% Completed



Web Attacks



Web Attacks

18 Sections **Medium** **Offensive**

This module covers three common web vulnerabilities, HTTP Verb Tampering, IDOR, and XXE, each of which can have a significant impact on a company's systems. We will cover how to identify, exploit, and prevent each of them through various methods.

100% Completed



Information Gathering - Web Edition



Information Gathering - Web Edition

19 Sections **Easy** **Offensive**

This module equips learners with essential web reconnaissance skills, crucial for ethical hacking and penetration testing. It explores both active and passive techniques, including DNS enumeration, web crawling, analysis of web archives and HTTP headers, and fingerprinting web technologies.

100% Completed



File Upload Attacks



File Upload Attacks

11 Sections **Medium** **Offensive**

Arbitrary file uploads are among the most critical web vulnerabilities. These flaws enable attackers to upload malicious files, execute arbitrary commands on the back-end server, and even take control over the entire server and all web applications hosted on it and potentially gain access to sensitive data or cause a service disruption.

100% Completed



Server-side Attacks



Server-side Attacks

19 Sections **Medium** **Offensive**

A backend that handles user-supplied input insecurely can lead to sensitive information disclosure and remote code execution. This module covers how to identify and exploit server-side bugs. This module introduces Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF), Server-Side Template Injection (SSTI), and Server-Side Includes (SSI) injection attacks, alongside other server-side vulnerabilities.

100% Completed



Session Security



Session Security

14 Sections **Medium** **Offensive**

Maintaining and keeping track of a user's session is an integral part of web applications. It is an area that requires extensive testing to ensure it is set up robustly and securely. This module covers the most common attacks and vulnerabilities that can affect web application sessions, such as Session Hijacking, Session Fixation, Cross-Site Request Forgery, Cross-Site Scripting, and Open Redirects.

100% Completed



Web Service & API Attacks



Web Service & API Attacks

13 Sections **Medium** **Offensive**

Web services and APIs are frequently exposed to provide certain functionalities in a programmatic way between heterogeneous devices and software components. Both web services and APIs can assist in integrating different applications or facilitate separation within a given application. This module covers how to identify the functionality a web service or API offers and exploit any security-related inefficiencies.

100% Completed



Bug Bounty Hunting Process



Bug Bounty Hunting Process

6 Sections **Easy** **General**

Bug bounty programs encourage security researchers to identify bugs and submit vulnerability reports. Getting into the world of bug bounty hunting without any prior experience can be a daunting task, though. This module covers the bug bounty hunting process to help you start bug bounty hunting in an organized and well-structured way. It's all about effectiveness and professionally communicating your findings.

100% Completed



Documentation and Reporting



Documentation & Reporting

8 Sections **Easy** **General**

Proper documentation is paramount during any engagement. The end goal of a technical assessment is the report deliverable which will often be presented to a broad audience within the target organization. We must take detailed notes and be very organized in our documentation, which will help us in the event of an incident during the assessment. This will also help ensure that our reports contain enough detail to illustrate the impact of our findings properly.

37.5% Completed

